

Rapid and Automatable Desalting of Proteins and Protein Complexes by Size Exclusion Chromatography for On-Line Detection by Native Mass Spectrometry



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Online Buffer Exchange (OBE) Coupled to Native MS

- Online buffer exchange (OBE) allows for analysis of proteins and protein complexes present in non-volatile buffers in < 3 minutes/sample.

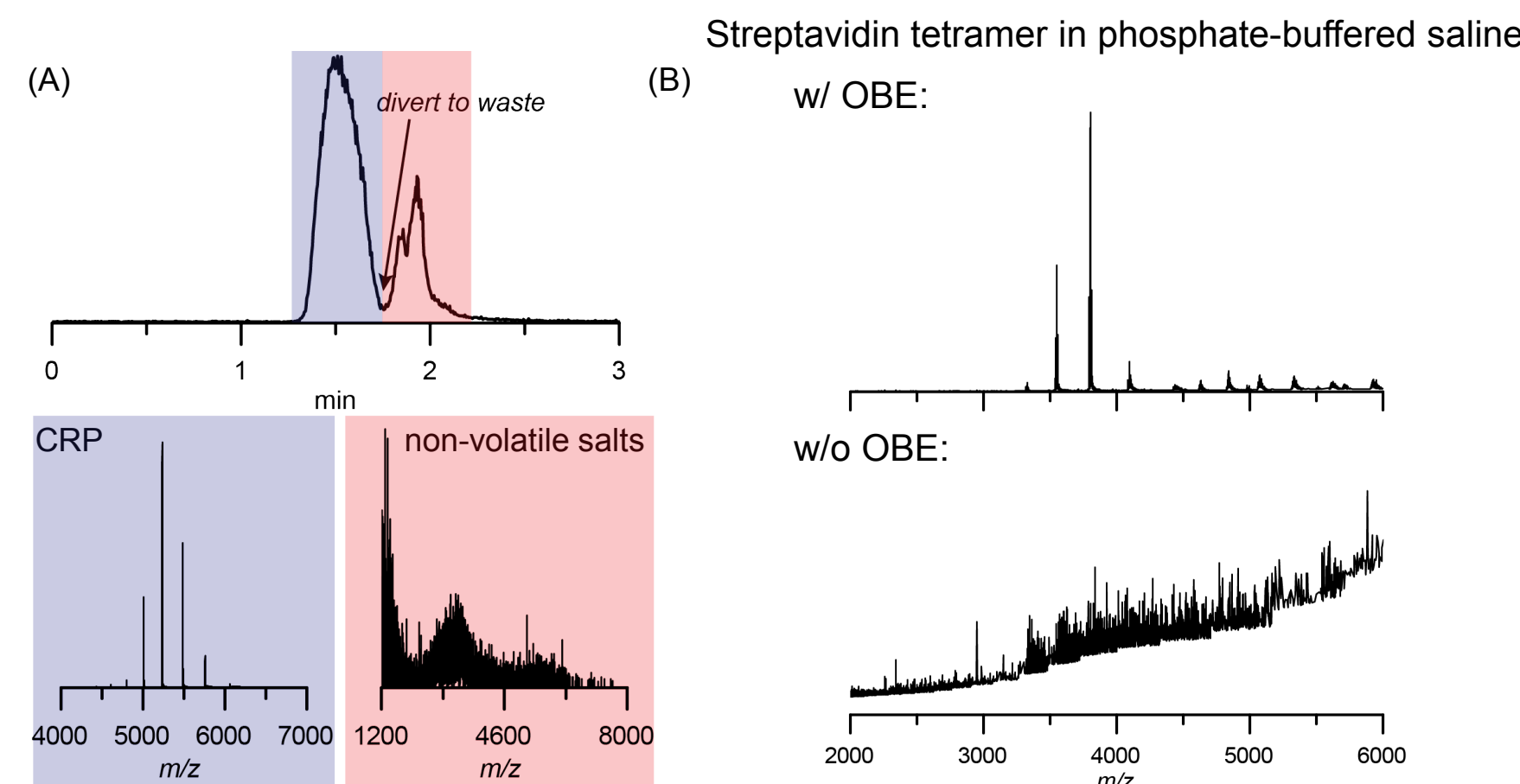


Figure 1. (A) total ion chromatogram and mass spectra showing the separation of C-reactive protein (CRP) from non-volatile salts by OBE. (B) Mass spectra of streptavidin stored in a non-volatile buffer with and without the use of OBE.

OBE Experimental Setup

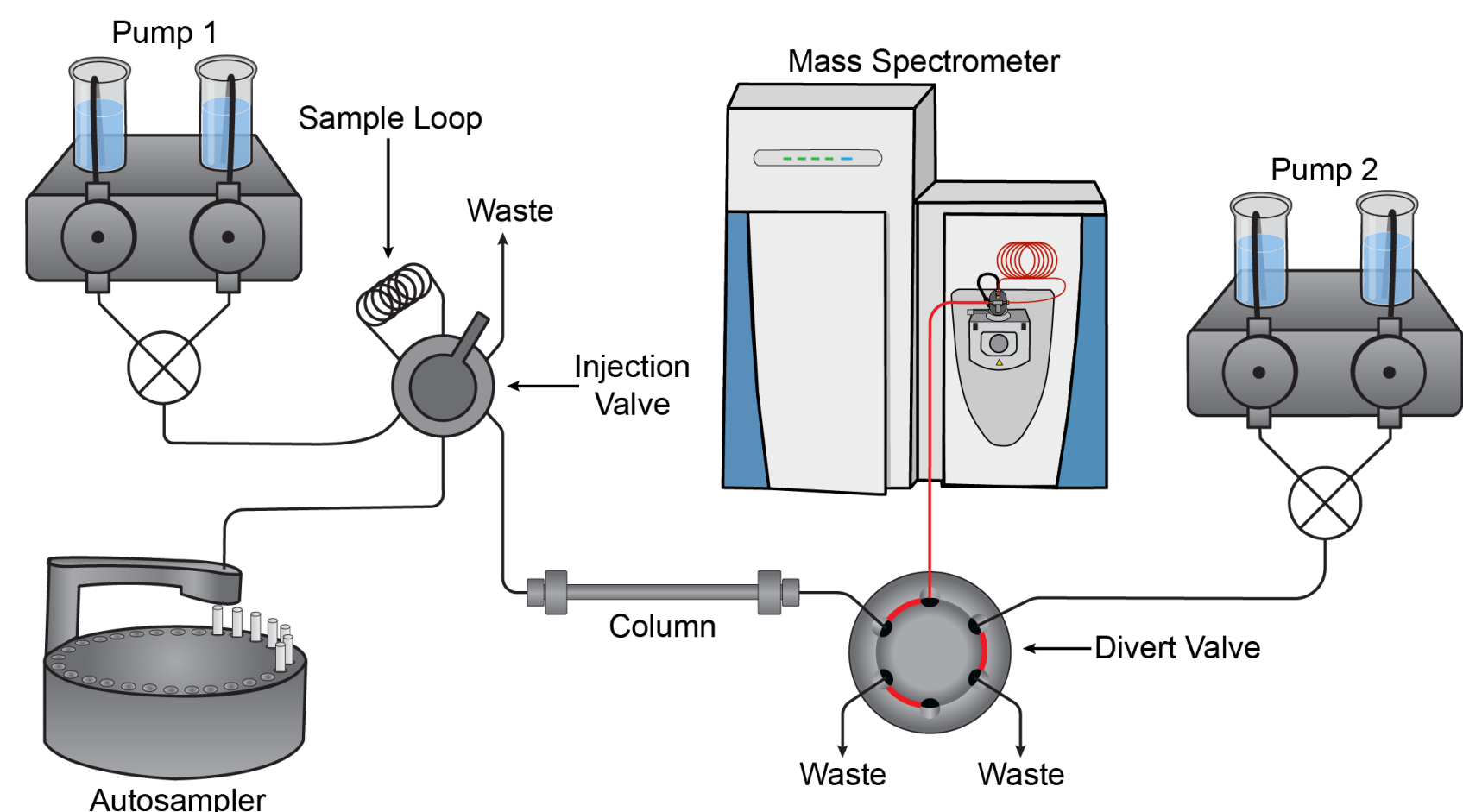


Figure 2. An HPLC is used to deliver 100 μ L/min of 200 mM ammonium acetate to a size exclusion chromatography (SEC) column (self-packed or commercially available). A divert valve and secondary HPLC pump are used to divert non-volatile salts to waste, preventing them from entering the mass spectrometer (Exactive Plus EMR, Thermo Scientific).

OBE Removal of Various Non-Volatile Buffers

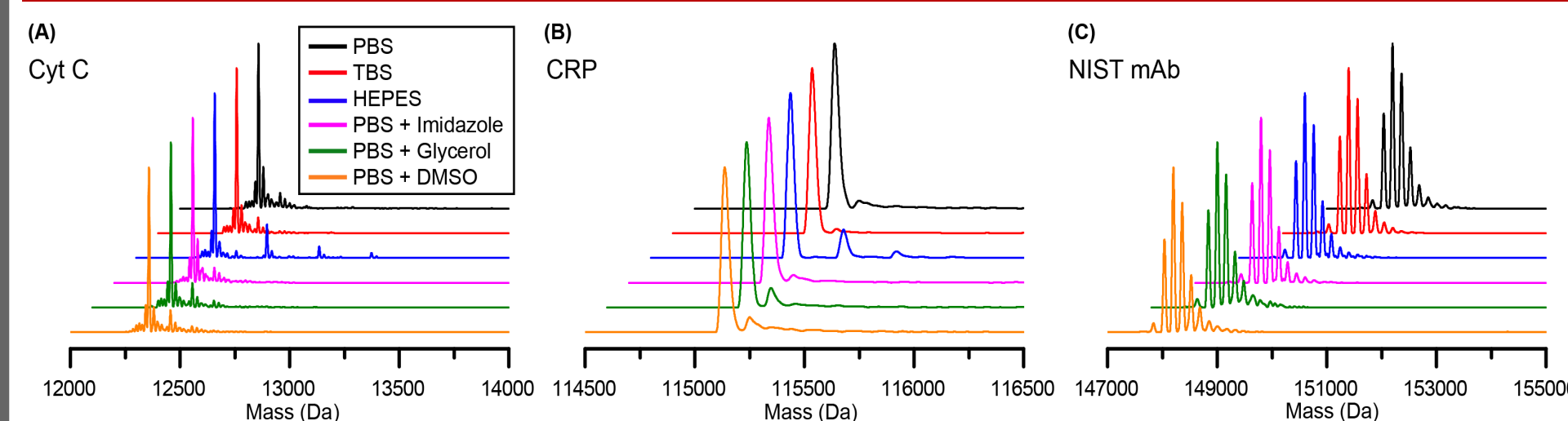


Figure 3. Deconvoluted mass spectra of (A) cytochrome c, (B) CRP, and (C) NIST mAb in various buffers (phosphate-buffered saline (PBS), tris-buffered saline (TBS), HEPES, and non-volatile additives (imidazole, glycerol, and DMSO)). In all cases, the main peak corresponds to adduct-free protein while minor peaks are due to non-volatile adducts. In the case of NIST mAb, all glycoforms are clearly resolved.

OBE Performance with Different Columns

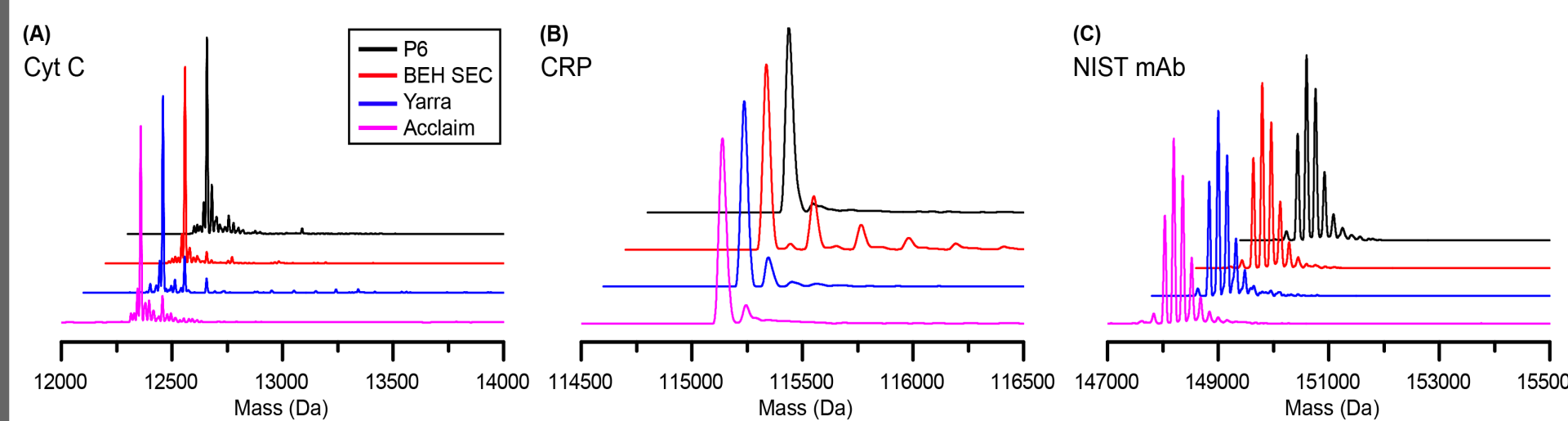


Figure 4. Deconvoluted mass spectra of (A) cytochrome c, (B) CRP, and (C) NIST mAb in PBS and desalted using different columns. Self-packed columns (0.75 x 120 mm) with P6 material (Bio-Rad) were compared to Acquity BEH SEC-125 (4.6 x 30 mm, Waters), Yarra SEC-3000 (2.1 x 50 mm, Phenomenex) and Acclaim SEC-300 (4.6 x 30 mm, Thermo Scientific) columns.

Limit of Detection of OBE Method

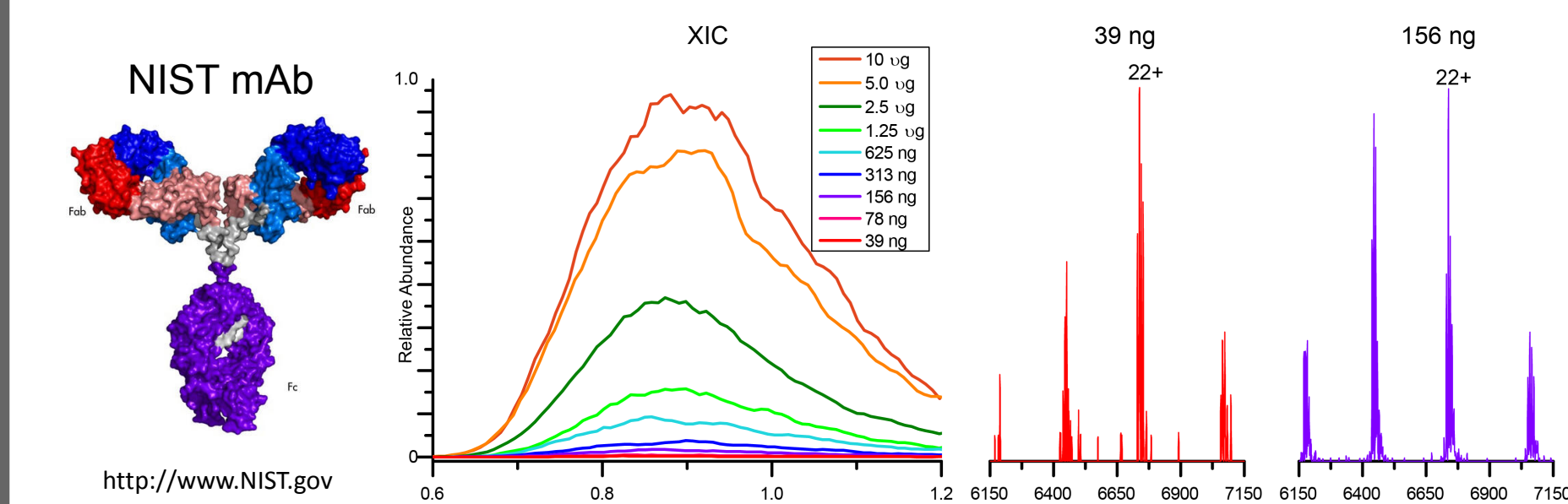


Figure 5. Extracted ion chromatograms (XIC) from a series of NIST mAb experiments with different injection amounts. Mass spectra from the 39 ng injection (red) and 156 ng injection (purple) are shown to the right.

OBE Analysis of an Overexpression Cell Lysate

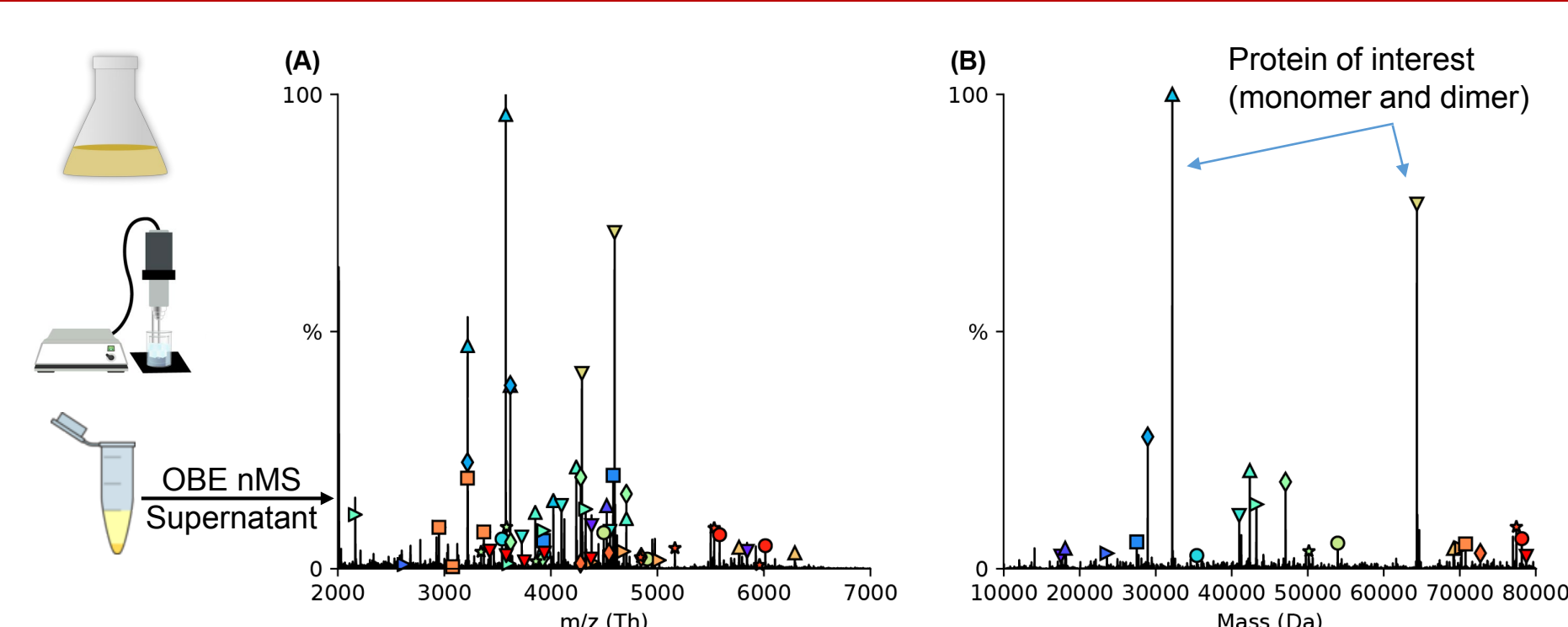


Figure 6. Protein overexpression in *E. coli* and subsequent OBE analysis of the crude lysate yields congested spectra (A), but deconvolution reveals monomers and dimers of the protein of interest (B).

Analysis of Fe-S Cluster Proteins by OBE

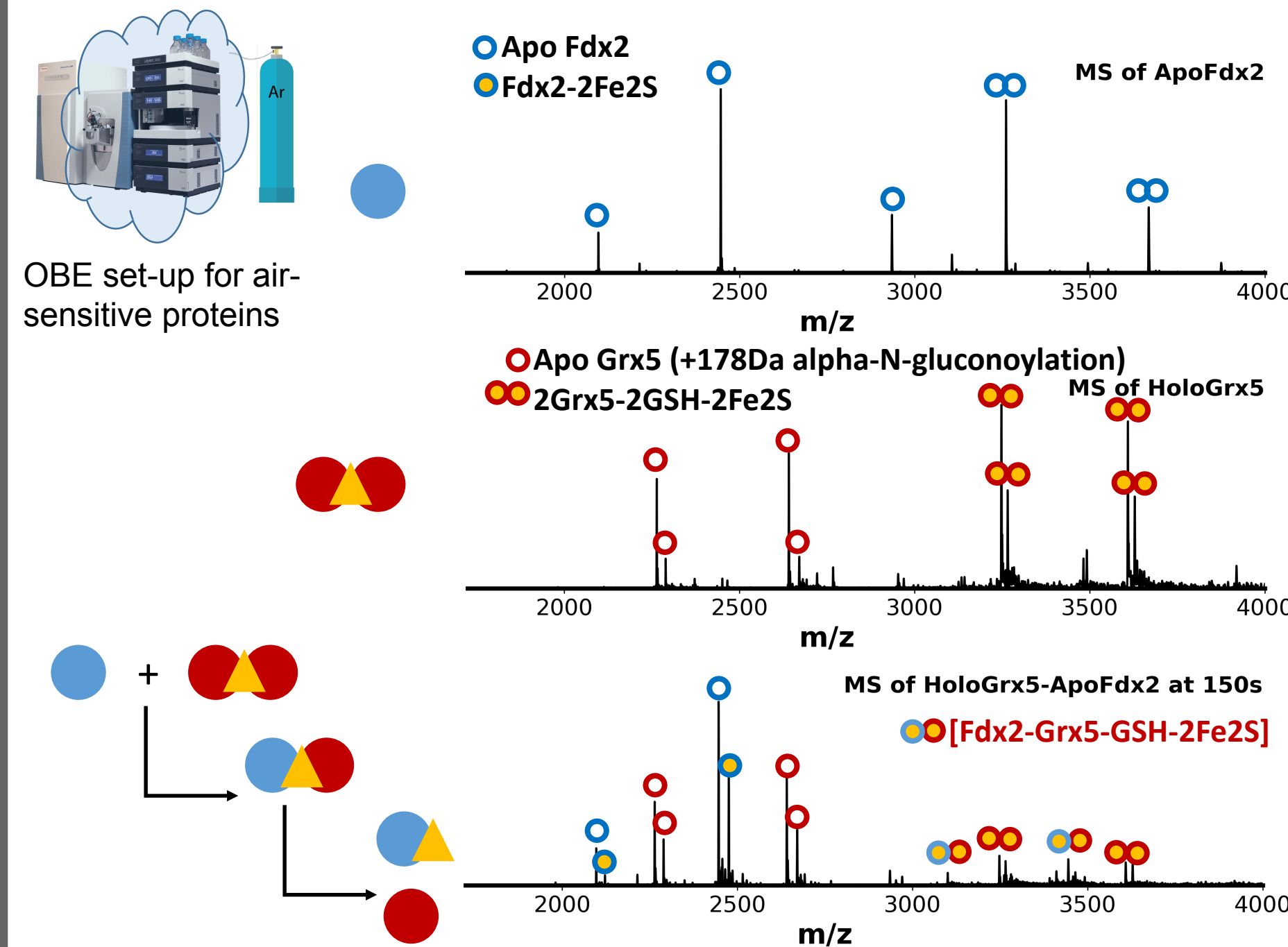


Figure 7. Analysis of [2Fe2S] cluster transfer from holo Grx5 homodimer to apo human ferredoxin2 (Fdx2). Spectra of apo Fdx2, holo Grx5 dimer, and transfer reaction products are shown. The products indicate formation of a holo heterodimer [Fdx2-Grx5-GSH-2Fe2S] complex.

OBE as a Rapid Screening Method of Protein Complexes

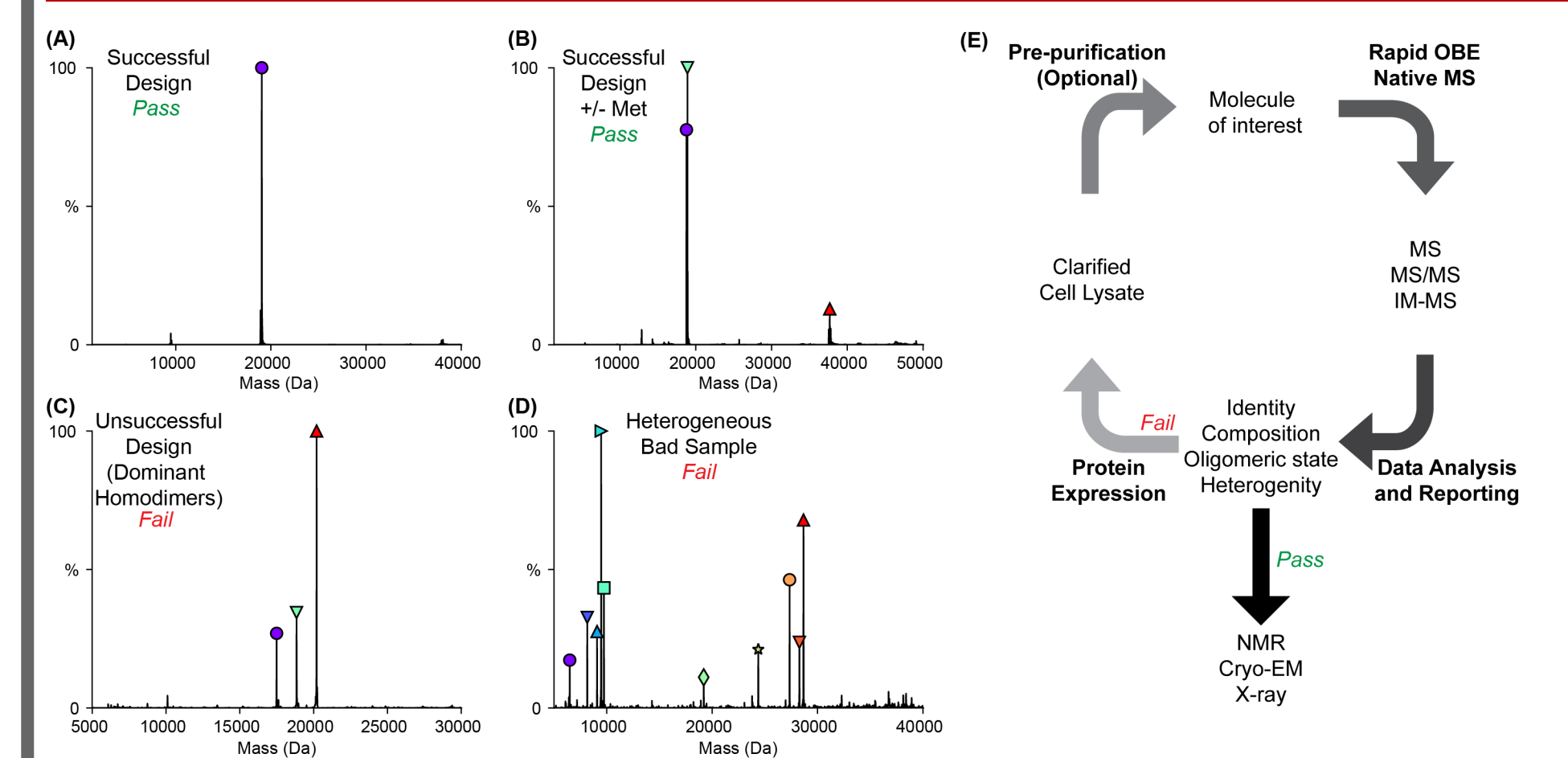


Figure 8. (A,B) OBE can be used to rapidly screen protein complexes, for example to differentiate successfully designed heterodimers and (C,D) failed heterodimer designs.¹ (E) OBE can be used to bridge the gap between protein expression and more time-consuming protein characterization techniques.

Conclusions

- ❖ OBE permits analysis of protein/protein complex samples stored in non-volatile buffers in < 3 min.
- ❖ OBE efficiently removes a range of non-volatile buffers and can be performed using many different types of SEC column types.
- ❖ OBE can be a valuable screening method for bridging the gap between protein expression and more time-consuming structural biology methods.

References

- (1) Chen et al. Programmable Design of Orthogonal Protein Heterodimers. *Nature* **2019**, 565 (7737), 106. Mass spectra were deconvoluted using UniDec and Intact Mass:
- Marty et al. Bayesian Deconvolution of Mass and Ion Mobility Spectra: From Binary Interactions to Polydisperse Ensembles. *Analytical Chemistry* **2015**, 87 (8), 4370–4376.
- Bern et al. Parsimonious Charge Deconvolution for Native Mass Spectrometry. *J. Proteome Res.* **2018**, 17 (3), 1216–1226. (<https://www.proteinmetrics.com>)

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Information Request



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